

生物機能

## Dear Applicant:

status.)

We have constanted your application for exemption income tax as an organization asserbed in section 501(c)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954.

the intermetable saturates of actiones that you were lost or under a Partnership Agreement butwoon.  All three individuals are trained instructed by the method of teaching English. They are associated with the contraction of teaching English. They are associated with the contraction of teaching English.	i and and and
not a substillary of, appended by, or under the control	. UL the
Under the partnership agreement, you will be equal partner men-profit organization (Company) to manufacture and marked organization (Company) to manufacture and marked organization the purpose of paying for the initial costs of the contribution it to be paid back equally as the sale of progresses and shall be paid back before any contributions agreewy. It any partner desires to withdraw for any reason the other partners an opportunity to buy her out for the aumrepaid portion of the original investment. The partners inable for any assessments or charges pertaining to this coperation beyond this initial investment or working capital	et the teaching est free working the venture. I the game is attended to other person or i, whe must give mount of the sare not to be outlined.
You also have a constitution which states that the only of organization is the preasurer, who will be elected by major of the copyrighted teaching-aid card game of the partnership will be distributed to remaining assets of the partnership will be distributed to take exercit group. (Records at Internal Revenue Service of the alorements much literacy organizations have been granted.)	ority vote. The sture and market a permanently the total of the another of not show that

tutors who are teaching English to functionally liliterates and imagrants. "It is also suitable as a family game. The possibility exists that the teaching aid game may be marketed through friends, bookstores, and shops if it becomes popular.

You have had the game printed, collated, and packaged for convenient handling and marketing, and are having it copyrighted. You plan to provide money for your local as there is a need for books and other teaching materials and training of tutors. An article in the the newsletter discloses that you had a volunteer crew from decks of the game, part of which was sold at the national conference at

Section 501(c)(3) of the Code provides for the exemption of organizations which are organized and operated exclusively for religious, charitable, and educational purposes, no part of the net earnings of which incres to the benefit of any private shareholder or individual.

Section 1.501(c)(3)-1(b)(1) of the Income Tax Regulations provides that an organization is organized exclusively for one or more exempt purposes only if its articles of organization:

- (a) Think the purposes of such organization to one or more exempt purposes; and
- (b) Do not expressly empower the organization to engage, otherwise than as an insubstantial part of its activities, in activities which in themselves are not in furtherance of one or more exempt purposes.

Section 1.501(c)(3)-1(a)(1) of the Income tax Regulations states that in order to be exempt as an organization described in section 501(c)(3), an organization must be both organized and operated exclusively for one or more of the purposes specified in that section. If any organization fails to meet either the organizational or operational test, it is not exempt. Organizations which are organized for both exempt and nonexempt purposes fail to satisfy the requirements for exemption.

Section 1.501(c)(3)-1(b)(1)(iii) of the Income Tax Regulations states that an organization is not organized exclusively for one or more exempt purposes if its articles expressly empower it to carry on, otherwise than as an insubstantial part of its activities, activities which are not infurtherance of one or more exempt purposes even though such organization is, by the terms of such articles, created for a purpose that is not broader than the purposes specified in section 501(c)(3). Thus, an organization that is empowered by its articles "to" engage in a

manufacturing business", or "to engage in the operation of a social club" does not meet the organizational test regardless of the fact that its articles may state that such organization is created "for charitable purposes within the meaning of section 501(c)(3) of the Code."

Section 1.501()(3)-1(c)(1) of the I.T. Regs. states that an organization will be regarded as "operated exclusively" for one or more exempt purposes only if it engages primarily in activities which accomplish one or more of such exempt purposes specified in 501(c)(3). An organization will not be so regarded if more than an insubstantial part of its activities is not in furtherance of an exempt purpose.

Section 1.501(c)(3)-1(b)(4) of the I.T. Regulations states that an organization is not organized exclusively for one or more exempt purposes unless its assets are dedicated to an exempt purpose.

Your organization coes not meet the organizational and operational tests as described in the Regulations because your stated purposes include both exempt and non-exempt purposes. The manufacturing and marketing of a game for profit, even though the game may be educational, is not an exempt purpose that is specified in code section 501(c)(3). Although one of your stated purposes is that your organization will be dedicated to charitable purposes only, your organization is not operated exclusively for exempt purposes since your profits will be distributed to an organization which is not exempt under section 501(c)(3). Furthermore, in event of dissolution, your assets will be distributed to a non-exempt organizations which are not exempt under Code section 501(c)(3).

Section 1.501(c)(3)-1(d)(1) of the I.T. Regulations states that an organization may meet the requirements of section 501(c)(3) although it operates a trade or business as a substantial part of its activities, if the operation of such trade or business is in furtherance of the organization's exempt purpose or purposes and if the organization is not organized or operated for the primary purpose of carrying on an unrelated trade or business for profit. In your case, you were organized for the primary and sole purpose of conducting a trade or business for profit.

Section 502 of the Internal Revenue Code provides that an organization operated for the primary purpose of carrying on a trade or business for profit shall not be exempt under TRC 501 on the grounds that all of its profits are payable to one or more organizations exempt under TRC 501. Such organizations are known as "feeder organizations".

Under a special rule, for purposes of section 502, the term "trade or business" does not include any trade or business in which substantially all the work is performed for the organization without compensation, or any trade or business which is seiling merchandise, substantially all of which has been donated.

It appears that thus far, your organization's activities have been accomplished by donated labor. Therefore, you are not a feeder "feeder organization". However, even though you are not a feeder organization, it does not necessarily follow that you are exempt under Code section 501(c)(3). You have no significant charitable activity of your own; and, in fact, your non-exempt manufacturing and marketing activities are your primary and only activities. Furthermore, the designated recipient of your profits will be an organization that has not been recognized as exempt under Code section 501(c)(3). Thus, you are not organized and operated exclusively for charitable purposes within the meaning of Code section 501(c)(3).

Accordingly, we have determined that you are not entitled to recognition of exemption from Federal income tax under section 501(c)(3) of the Code. You are required to file income tax returns on Form 1120.

Contributions made to you are not deductible by the donors as charitable contributions as defined in section 170(c) of the Code.

As provided by section 6104(c) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 and the appropriate State officials are being notified of our Jetermination.

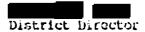
If you are in agreement with this proposed determination, we request that you sign and return the enclosed agreement Form 6018. Please note the instructions for signing on the reverse side of this form.

If you are not in agreement with this proposed determination, we recommend that you request a hearing with our office of Regional Director of Appeals. Your request for a hearing should include a written appeal giving the facts, law, and any other information to support your position as explained in the enclosed Publication 892. You will then be contacted to arrange a date for a nearing. The hearing may be held at the office of Regional Director of Appeals or, if you request, at a mutually convenient District Office. A self-addressed envelope is enclosed.

If we do not hear from you within 30 days from the date of this letter, and you do not protest this proposed determination in a timely manner, it will be considered by the Internal Revenue Service as a failure to exhaust available administrative remedies and will then become our final determination. Section 7428(b)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code provides in part that, "A declaratory programment or decree under this section shall

not be issued in any proceeding unless the Tax Court, the Court of Claims, or the district court of the United States for the District of Columbia determines that the organization involved has exhausted administrative remedies available to it within the Internal Revenue Service."

Sincerely yours,



Enclosures: Publication 852 Form 5018

